Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

- 1. (currently amended) A fuel cell power plant (10) for
- 2 generating electrical energy from a process oxidant
- 3 stream (53, 42, 28) and a reducing fluid stream (26),
- 4 the plant comprising:
- a) at least one fuel cell (12) for producing the
- 6 electrical energy from the process oxidant stream (53,
- 7 28) and the reducing fluid stream (26), and providing
- 8 a fuel cell exhaust stream (48) containing moisture
- 9 and sensible heat;
- 10 b) an energy recovery device (32) having first and
- 11 second gas flow channels (44, 42) separated by a
- respective enthalpy exchange barrier (46), the fuel
- 13 cell exhaust stream (48) connected to pass through the
- 14 first gas flow channel (44) and a source of process
- oxidant (30) for the process oxidant stream (53)
- 16 connected to pass through the second gas flow channel
- 17 (42), thereby to allow mass and heat transfer between
- 18 the gases in the first and second gas flow channels via
- 19 the enthalpy exchange barrier; and
- c) a supply of liquid medium (66); and
- d) injection means (58, 60) for disposed to
- 22 injecting thea liquid medium (66, 64) substantially
- 23 directly into the process oxidant stream (53)
- 24 preparatory to the process oxidant passing through the
- 25 energy recovery device second gas flow channel (42) for
- 26 regulating the transfer of mass and heat between the
- 27 fuel cell exhaust stream (48) and the process oxidant
- 28 stream (53, 42).

- 1 2. (currently amended) The fuel cell power plant (10)
- of claim 1 wherein the energy recovery device includes
- 3 an inlet (54) for receiving the process oxidant stream
- 4 (53) to pass through the second gas flow channel (42),
- 5 the liquid medium for injection is water, and the
- 6 injectingen means (58, 60) is positioned to inject the
- 7 water into the process oxidant stream (53) immediately
- 8 upstream of said inlet (54).
- 3. (currently amended) The fuel cell power plant (10)
- of claim 2 including a plenum (62) located immediately
- 3 upstream of said inlet (54), said process oxidant
- 4 stream (53) flows through said plenum (62), and wherein
- 5 the injectingen means (58, 60) is operative to inject
- 6 water (66, 64) into the plenum (62) for intimate mixing
- 7 with and humidification of the process oxidant stream.
- 4. (currently amended) The fuel cell power plant of
- 2 claim 2 wherein the injectingen means comprises one or
- 3 more spray nozzles (60) disposed to inject a spray of
- 4 water (66, 64) into the plenum (62).
- 5. (currently amended) The fuel cell power plant (10)
- of claim 3 wherein the injectingen means comprises one
- 3 or more spray nozzles (60) disposed to inject a spray
- 4 of water (66, 64) into the plenum (62).
- 6. (currently amended) The fuel cell power plant (10)
- of claim 1 including control means (70, 74, 78, 80, 84)
- 3 operatively associated with the injectingon means (58,
- 4 60) for controlling at least the amount of the liquid
- 5 medium (66, 64) being injected.

- 7. (original) The fuel cell power plant (10) of claim 6
- wherein the control means (70, 74, 78, 80, 84) include
- 3 at least one or the other of a temperature sensor (80)
- 4 for sensing the temperature of ambient process oxidant
- 5 and a humidity sensor (84) for sensing the moisture
- 6 content of the ambient process oxidant.
- 8. (original) The fuel cell power plant (10) of claim 7
- wherein the control means (70, 74, 78, 80, 84) includes
- 3 both the temperature sensor (80) and the humidity
- 4 sensor (84).
- 9. (original) The fuel cell power plant (10) of claim 1
- wherein the enthalpy exchange barrier (46) of the
- 3 energy recovery device (32) comprises a fine-pore
- 4 support matrix.
- 1 10. (original) The fuel cell power plant (10) of claim
- 9 wherein the fine-pore support matrix is one or a
- 3 combination selected from the group consisting of
- 4 porous graphite layers; porous graphite-polymer layers,
- 5 inorganic-fiber thermoset polymer layers, glass fiber
- 6 layers, synthetic-fiber filter papers treated to be
- 7 wettable, porous metal layers, and perforated metal
- 8 layers with particulate material in the pores.
- 1 11. (currently amended) In a fuel cell power plant (10)
- for generating electrical energy from a process oxidant
- 3 stream (53, 42, 28) and a reducing fluid stream (26),
- 4 the plant comprising a fuel cell (12) for producing the
- 5 electrical energy from the process oxidant stream (53,
- 6 28) and the reducing fluid stream (26), and providing
- 7 a fuel cell exhaust stream (48) containing moisture

- 8 and sensible heat; and an energy recovery device (32)
- 9 having first and second gas flow channels (44, 42)
- separated by a respective enthalpy exchange barrier
- 11 (46), the fuel cell exhaust stream (48) connected to
- 12 pass through the first gas flow channel (44) and a
- 13 source of process oxidant (30) for the process oxidant
- stream (53) connected to pass through the second gas
- 15 flow channel (42), thereby to allow mass and heat
- 16 transfer between the gases in the first and second gas
- 17 flow channels via the enthalpy exchange barrier, the
- 18 method comprising:
- 19 dispensing water (66, 70, 74, 60, 64) <u>substantially</u>
- 20 directly into the process oxidant stream (53)
- 21 preparatory to the process oxidant passing through the
- 22 energy recovery device second gas flow channel (42) for
- 23 regulating the transfer of mass and heat between the
- 24 fuel cell exhaust stream (48) and the process oxidant
- 25 stream (53, 42).
 - 1 12. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the step
 - of dispensing water (66, 70, 74, 60, 64) into the
 - 3 process oxidant stream (53) comprises monitoring (80,
 - 4 84, 90) one or more parameters of the fuel cell power
 - 5 plant (10), including the process oxidant stream (53,
 - 6 42, 28), and controllably injecting water into the
 - 7 process oxidant stream (53) in response to the one or
 - 8 more of the monitored parameters.
 - 1 13. (original) The method of claim 12 comprising the
 - 2 steps of monitoring (80) the temperature of the process
 - 3 oxidant stream (53), and injecting water (66, 70, 74,
 - 4 60, 64) into the process oxidant stream when the
 - 5 temperature exceeds a threshold, thereby to cool and
 - 6 humidify the process oxidant stream (53, 42) to inhibit

- 7 dry-out of the enthalpy exchange barrier 46 in the
- 8 energy recovery device 32.
- 1 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 13 wherein
- the temperature threshold is higher than in the range of
- 3 about 85° F and lower than about to 90° F.
- 1 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein
- 2 the operating status of the power plant (10) is
- 3 monitored (70, 80) to identify athe condition of start-
- 4 up condition, and injecting water (66, 70, 74, 60, 64)
- 5 into the process oxidant stream upon start-up, at least
- 6 after a shutdown exceeding a predetermined duration,
- for assuring sufficient wetting of the enthalpy
- 8 exchange barrier (46) during start-up.
- 1 16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein a
- 2 temperature of the power plant (10), including the
- 3 inlet temperature of the process oxidant stream (53,
- 4 42, 28), is monitored (80) to detect a freezing
- 5 condition, and controllably (70, 78) injecting heated
- 6 water (66, 58, 60, 64) during start-up in response to
- 7 detection of a freezing condition to defrost at least
- 8 the energy recovery device 32.
- 1 17. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein
- 2 the fuel cell power plant (10) includes a coolant
- 3 system (38, 88) having a coolant, the coolant having a
- 4 <u>level</u>, and including the steps of monitoring (90) the
- 5 level of coolant in the coolant system (38, 88) and
- 6 injecting water (66, 58, 70, 74, 78, 60, 64) into the
- 7 process oxidant stream when the coolant level exceeds a
- 8 threshold, thereby to raise the dew point of the
- 9 process oxidant stream (53, 42) to inhibit recovery of

- 10 water from the fuel cell exhaust stream 48 via the
- 11 enthalpy exchange barrier 46 to the process oxidant
- 12 stream (42).